

Roadmap for new Cyber security education in ME





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1. Introduction and preliminaries

According to the actual state of cyber security education in Montenegro the Roadmap for new Cyber security Education in Montenegro is being created. At the moment in Montenegro there is no formal education in cyber security that can educate students at graduate and post graduate level. One of the reasons for this situation is the lack of policies and strategies in cyber security education. Also the Government bodies did not create full and effective legal basis for dealing with cybercrime. It is important to mention that cyber security is a very sensitive area including both technical and legal issues. Having in mind the importance of technical education in cyber security, is very important not to underestimate the importance of the Law component of education. As a multidisciplinary and very complex area that directly impact life of people, it is impossible to create experts that can cover all parts of cyber security. When mention about cyber security, most people would think about computer engineering and imagine the people behind as hackers that possess great knowledge about ICT. In reality, it is very important to know legal restriction about using computer software and network. All actions that exceed the law can be considered as a type of cybercrime. As it is in real life, in cybercrime there are different types of criminal acts. Therefore, the first step in cyber security is to recognize the criminal acts. This is the reason why we need experts in Law applied to cyber space who are able to recognize criminal acts. Because Law and Engineering are two fields that have little in common, it is expected to have separate experts for these parts of cyber security areas. The aim of the Roadmap is, based on previous experiences, to show most appropriate steps to be taken for proper education of future experts. The Roadmap will offer information about the profile of the needed expert and also about the specific needs of cyber security education in Montenegro. The Roadmap will provide us with short terms and long terms goals for cyber security education development in Montenegro. The short term goals will represent the needs for creation of the basis in formal and informal cyber security education. It is very important to raise awareness among common people about cyber security. Informal education of people will raise the level of security and will prevent many of security breach that are rather deception then technical breach. Also, education will help people to recognize the security breaches and contact specialized units to combat cybercrime, which will be composed of experts from different parts of cyber security area. Mostly, cybercrime is used for frauds and money laundering on the Internet. The Roadmap will give us insight in Long term period that might be long enough for Montenegro to establish integral cyber security educational system at national level. The Roadmap will also provide Plan - Do - Check - Act (PDCA) for each plan activity. In that way this document is not only intended to be an overview of what should be done but also will provide detail description of steps that should be done to the end of the project to achieve the defined goals.





2. Goals of the Roadmap

The fight against cybercrime includes different areas and therefore the defined priorities and measures to be taken, are as follows:

- 1. Policies and strategies in cyber security;
- 2. Full and effective legal basis for the operation of the criminal justice system;
- 3. Specialized units to combat cybercrime;
- 4. Financial investigations and preventing and combating fraud and money laundering on the Internet:
- 5. Cooperation between law enforcement and internet service providers;
- 6. Effective regional and international cooperation.

All these areas and activities have one common requirement and pre-condition: trained and educated staff capable to respond on all challenges issued in modern cyber space. As already shown in DEV 1.3, Montenegro has lack of integral cyber educational system and thus, the Roadmap is aimed on defining strategic priorities in educational system at national level in the fight against cybercrime.

Following sub-sections define strategic priorities needed to be achieved in order to develop effective educational system aimed on strengthening national capacities of the whole nation, as well as highly specialised workforce in both, public and private sectors.

2.1 Short term goals (2014-2016)

For short term period (which is for this Roadmap limited on two years, 2014-2016), the following priorities are defined:

- Raise awareness about cyber security among Montenegrin population in general. Target should be to educate all population about possible threats over Internet and make them familiar with basic rules about using online accounts, safe surfing and using online services.
- Establish sustainable strategies for trainings of workforce in specific fields and areas of action, such as: law enforcement, training judiciary, ICT sectors, etc. Target should be to ensure that law enforcement agencies have the skills and competencies necessary to investigate cybercrime, provide electronic evidence, conduct computer forensic analysis in criminal proceedings, to help others bodies and contribute to network security. On the other side, ICT professionals should be able to use modern technologies in order to set security system and answer on different kinds of identified attacks.
- Create core elements of formal educational system in cyber security (graduate and post-graduate studies). In order to ensure sustainable education in cyber security, educational system should be established, including both, formal and informal education. In accordance with the above priorities, its core elements should include literacy of cyber security at lowest levels in educational system and specialised HE such as post-graduate and master studies. All other elements of





educational system may be established later in full coherence with those core elements.

• Start with collaboration and cooperation at regional and international level. Cooperation and collaboration should be established at both, institutional and national levels, aimed on exchanging experience and knowledge, and enhancing joint forces in cyber wars. It can be realised via establishing joint regional centres for cyber security (such as regional CERT, regional joint studies in cyber security, etc.) and/or joint participation in different project funded by EU and other international sources.

2.2 Long term goals (2014-2020)

Long terms period (which is for this Roadmap planned on six years, 2014-2020), might be long enough for Montenegro to establish integral cyber security educational system at national level, and thus the following priorities are defined:

- Implementation of sustainable training strategy to train workforces to appropriate level;
- Establishing cost effective sustainable plans for specialised trainings;
- Integrate training on Cybercrime in regular programs at private and public institutions/agencies;
- Create R&D environment in the field of cyber security. R&D activities are essential in order to prepare own forces to face a challenge on dynamic and constantly evolving and growing cyber space. To this end, PhD studies should be established with simultaneous preparation at institutional and individual (already proven researchers with expressed willingness and readiness for R&D in cyber security filed) levels to lead those activities at national and/or regional level.

General idea of this TEMPUS project is to provide core elements essential for achievement of defined short term goals with sustainable plans focused on long term goals and their realisation.





3 Plan - Do - Check - Act (PDCA)

3.1 PDCA for WP2 (Raise awareness about the risk of online activities)

WP2: Plan - Do - Check - Act (PDCA)

Goal:

Raise awareness about the risk of online activities

Task is managed by:

Buckinghamshire New University (BUCKS)

Key Measures:

PLAN

- Analysis and discussion of campaigns on risk of online activities (target groups of kids, teenagers, workers)
- Creation of documents for Content, contact and conduct- a framework for digital skills
- Dissemination/presentation of created documents and organized events

What-Who-When:

- 1. Perform analysis of existing programs on risk of online activities in EU- As soon as possible
- 2. Analysis and discussion of current EU activities on risk of online activities EU partners soon and when needed
- 3. Organize open discussion with academic, government and non-governmental organizations about current risk of online activities –
- 4. Arrange virtual discussion within team to: suggest risk of online activities and proposal for minimise risk;
- 5. Creation of documents related to the risk of online activities All team –soon





Team:

Representative of Buckinghamshire New University, educational and governmental institutions from Montenegro, with the participation of academic EU partners.

6. Organization of workshops, virtual seminars and promotions for citizens and all levels of academic staff, in order to increase public awareness of risks on online activities– In the UK





•	Analysis and discussion of the existing online
	activities in EU

- Identify the key factors on risk of online activities
 - Identify online courses and distance educational systems
 - Identify risk on all other online activities
- Organization of informational workshops, virtual presentations and improving citizens' knowledge about online risk and inform population about future/ongoing awareness campaign
- Development of problem solving strategies, planning, reflecting the online activity risk.

Preparing documents:

 Prepare initial versions of educational material documents.

Working:

• Interactive working in teams, using shared repository (Dropbox)

Created documents:

Here should be listed created documents

DO





	 Report and conclusions about existing knowledge of risk of online activities in EU organizations Developing tailored strategies to solve potential problematic situations online Analysing documents/reports: Organize virtual workshops 	Draw conclusions about effectiveness and impact of created documents and presentations.
CHECK		





Check if created documents/reports are sufficiently sat		oorts are sufficiently satisfying with respect to the goals set
ACT	 Yes - Adopt & Adapt Identify possible improvements Prepare improved versions of documents and presentations Prepare printed versions of documents 	No - Abandon & Predict New Change • Determine most relevant strategies • Determine what material is completely unsatisfying • Prepare printed or virtual version of documents



PLAN



3.2 PDCA for WP3 (Develop and maintain an unrivalled, globally competitive cyber security workforce)

WP3: Plan - Do - Check - Act (PDCA)

Goal:

Develop and maintain an unrivalled, globally competitive cyber security workforce

Task is managed by:

University of Roma Tre (UR3)

Key Measures:

- Cross-matching of public/private organizations with EU standards
- Creation of processes and documents for standardization/improvement/enrichm ent of study programs and instructions for their implementation
- Organization of courses, workshops, presentations and promotions for citizens and all levels of staff
- Dissemination/presentation of created documents and organized events

Team:

Representative of educational and governmental institutions from Montenegro, with the participation of academic EU partners.

What-Who-When:

- 1. Perform analysis of existing knowledge of cybersecurity in public/private organizations ME partners As soon as possible
- 2. Cross-matching of ME situation with EU standards EU partners As soon as 1. is done
- 3. Organize open discussion with governmental and non-governmental organizations about current and future cybersecurity risks and vulnerabilities As soon as 2. is done
- 4. Organize discussion within team to: decide which dissemination and educational measures will be realized; suggest courses structure; organize collaboration in courses preparation All team As soon as 3. is done
- 5. Creation of documents related to the achievement of study programs quality
 All team As soon as 4. is done
- 6. Organization of courses, extensive workshops, presentations and promotions for citizens and all levels of staff, in order to increase public awareness of cyber security risks All team As soon as 5. is done
- 7. Organization of specialized/advanced training for specific groups of workers, related to their range of responsibilities and jurisdictions All team As soon as 5. is done





		 8. Organize discussions for analysing created educational plans and course material. Panels' conclusions should be used as measure quality – All team – As soon as 6. and 7. are done 9. Draw conclusions about future work – All team – As soon as 8. is done
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DO



 Analysis and discussion of the existing level of cyber 	Created documents:
security awareness in ME – common citizens and	 Here should be listed created documents
public/private organizations staffProposal of a roadmap for the implementation and	
 Proposal of a roadmap for the implementation and management of Cyber security Education in ME 	
 Identify course and dissemination material that should be prepared 	
 Development of a draft framework implementing cyber security methodology 	
Organization of informational open days, on-line	
presentations and internet marketing for improving	
citizens' knowledge about online risk and inform population about future/ongoing awareness campaign	
Publishing of (previously created – see WP1) Handbook	
defining roles, procedures, methodologies and evaluation	
of cyber security resources for citizens	
Development of a usable cyber security competency	
framework (Human Resources & Curriculum focus)	
Preparing documents:	
Prepare initial versions of educational material	
documents.	
Working:	
 Interactive working in teams, using shared repository (Dropbox) 	





• Report about organized informational open days, on-line presentations and internet marketing activities:

- Number of participants
- Number of hard copies of Handbook supplied to all interested parts
- Feedback from participants
- Report and conclusions about existing knowledge of cyber security within ME organizations
- Report about organized specialized trainings:
 - Number of participants
 - Number of public and private institutions which representatives participated at organized trainings
 - Feedback from participants (possibly through final examinations)

Analysing documents/reports:

- Organize workshop in Rome for analysing documents and reports
- Organize presentation of project and created documents to professors and assistants at ME partners

Conclusions:

• Draw conclusions about effectiveness and impact of created documents/courses and course material.

CHECK





	Check if created documents/reports are su	fficiently satisfying with respect to the goals set	
ACT	 Yes - Adopt & Adapt Identify possible improvements Prepare improved versions of documents and course/dissemination material and plans Prepare printed versions of documents Present material and documents to national authorities 	 No - Abandon & Predict New Change Determine most relevant problems Determine what material is completely unsatisfying Identify responsibilities to adjust new team organizations Define who will make changes Start new PDCA cycle 	





3.3 PDCA for WP4 (Broaden the pool of skilled workers capable of supporting a cyber-secure nation)

WP4: Plan – Do – Check – Act (PDCA)			
	Goal: Create multidisciplinary curriculum for master study program for cyber security Task is managed by: Tallinn University of Technology		
	Key Measures:	Key Measures:	
PLAN	Accredited multidisciplinary master program in specific areas of cyber security.	Accredited multidisciplinary master program in specific areas of cyber security.	
	Team:	Team:	
	Working team consisted of representative of the universities of Montenegro, EU partners and other interested partners.	Working team consisted of representative of the universities of Montenegro, EU partners and other interested partners.	





1. Carry out the actions in the plan • Carry out the actions in the plan **Preparing documents: Preparing documents:** 2. Prepare initial versions of documents, review and • Prepare initial versions of documents, review and publish the publish the final version final version Working: Working: 3. Interactive working in teams, using shared repository • Interactive working in teams, using shared repository (Dropbox) (Dropbox) DO





	Analysing documents: When - Where • Creation and quality of the documents • Meetings and workshops to discuss the results	Analysing documents: When - Where • Creation and quality of the documents • Meetings and workshops to discuss the results
СНЕСК		





	Check if created documents	Check if created documents correspond to the goals set	
	Yes - Adopt & Adapt	Yes - Adopt & Adapt	
ACT	 Identify possible improvements Prepare improved versions of documents and course/dissemination material and plans Prepare printed versions of documents Present material and documents to national authorities 	 Identify possible improvements Prepare improved versions of documents and course/dissemination material and plans Prepare printed versions of documents Present material and documents to national authorities 	